

[MS-GSSA]: Generic Security Service Algorithm for Secret Key Transaction Authentication for DNS (GSS-TSIG) Protocol Extension

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Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
04/03/2007	1.0		Version 1.0 release
05/11/2007	1.2		Version 1.2 release
06/01/2007	1.2.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
07/03/2007	1.3	Minor	Updated the technical content.
08/10/2007	1.3.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
09/28/2007	1.3.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
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01/25/2008	1.3.4	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
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06/20/2008	1.3.6	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
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01/16/2009	3.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
02/27/2009	4.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
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12/18/2009	4.0.7	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
01/29/2010	4.0.8	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
03/12/2010	4.0.9	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
04/23/2010	4.0.10	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
06/04/2010	4.0.11	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
07/16/2010	4.0.11	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
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06/17/2011	4.1	Minor	Clarified the meaning of the technical content.
09/23/2011	4.1	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
12/16/2011	5.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
03/30/2012	6.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
07/12/2012	6.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
10/25/2012	6.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
01/31/2013	6.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
08/08/2013	7.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.

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1 Introduction

Secret Key Transaction Authentication for DNS (TSIG), as specified in [\[RFC2845\]](#), provides extensible transaction level authentication for DNS. The Generic Security Service Algorithm for Secret Key Transaction Authentication for DNS (GSS-TSIG), as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#), identifies one possible extension to TSIG based on the Generic Security Service Application Program Interface (GSS-API), as specified in [\[RFC2743\]](#).

This document specifies an extension to GSS-TSIG.

Section 2 of this specification is normative and can contain the terms MAY, SHOULD, MUST, MUST NOT, and SHOULD NOT as defined in RFC 2119. Section 1.6 is also normative but cannot contain those terms. All other sections and examples in this specification are informative.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are specific to this document:

message authentication code (MAC): A relatively short sequence of bytes that is used to authenticate a message. A **MAC** algorithm accepts a secret key and a data buffer, and outputs a **MAC**. The data and **MAC** can then be sent to another party, which can verify the integrity and authenticity of the data by using the same secret key and the same **MAC** algorithm.

security support provider (SSP): A library that implements one or more security protocols that can be accessed programmatically.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specifications documentation do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

A reference marked "(Archived)" means that the reference document was either retired and is no longer being maintained or was replaced with a new document that provides current implementation details. We archive our documents online [\[Windows Protocol\]](#).

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624>, as an additional source.

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC2136] Thomson, S., Rekhter Y. and Bound, J., "Dynamic Updates in the Domain Name System (DNS UPDATE)", RFC 2136, April 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2136.txt>

[RFC2743] Linn, J., "Generic Security Service Application Program Interface Version 2, Update 1", RFC 2743, January 2000, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2743.txt>

[RFC2845] Vixie, P., Gudmundsson, O., Eastlake III, D., and Wellington, B., "Secret Key Transaction Authentication for DNS (TSIG)", RFC 2845, May 2000, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2845.txt>

[RFC2930] Eastlake III, D., "Secret Key Establishment for DNS (TKEY RR)", RFC 2930, September 2000, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2930.txt>

[RFC3645] Kwan, S., Garg, P., Gilroy, J., et al., "Generic Security Service Algorithm for Secret Key Transaction Authentication for DNS (GSS-TSIG)", RFC 3645, October 2003, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3645.txt>

1.2.2 Informative References

None.

1.3 Overview

Secret Key Transaction Authentication for DNS (TSIG), as specified in [\[RFC2845\]](#), is an extensible protocol by which DNS messages can be authenticated and validated. The Generic Security Service Algorithm for Secret Key Transaction Authentication for DNS (GSS-TSIG), as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#), defines an algorithm for use with TSIG, which is based on the Generic Security Service Application Program Interface, as specified in [\[RFC2743\]](#).

In [\[RFC3645\]](#) section 2.2, GSS-TSIG specifies that the final transaction key (TKEY) response indicating successful negotiation must be signed. In [\[RFC2845\]](#) section 3.4, TSIG specifies which data is to be digested when generating or verifying the contents of a TSIG record. This protocol extension defines an alternate method of building the digest that is used to sign the last message in the GSS-TSIG TKEY negotiation.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

This specification defines an extension to GSS-TSIG, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#). The relationship of GSS-TSIG to other protocols is not changed by this protocol extension.

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

All prerequisites and preconditions applicable to GSS-TSIG, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#), apply to this protocol extension.

1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol extension does not change the way in which GSS-TSIG, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#), is used.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

None.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

None.

1.9 Standards Assignments

None.

2 Messages

This protocol extension does not change the format of messages defined by GSS-TSIG, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#). The format of messages remains the same, although the contents of the TSIG record attached to the final TKEY response in the negotiation are changed.

2.1 Transport

This protocol extension does not change the base transport used by GSS-TSIG, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#).

2.2 Message Syntax

This document does not specify any new messages.

3 Protocol Details

3.1 Common Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

None.

3.1.2 Timers

None.

3.1.3 Initialization

This protocol extension does not require any initialization that is not already required by GSS-TSIG, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#).

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

This protocol extension does not change message processing events or sequencing rules of messages defined by GSS-TSIG, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#), beyond the changes described in the following sections.

3.1.5.1 Handling the MAC Field While Digesting DNS Messages

GSS-TSIG, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#), specifies how the client and server exchange tokens obtained from GSS-API calls (as specified in [\[RFC2743\]](#)). The tokens are contained in DNS TKEY records, as specified in [\[RFC2930\]](#). In [\[RFC3645\]](#) section 4.1.3, GSS-TSIG specifies that the server MUST sign the final TKEY response in GSS-TSIG negotiation.

In [\[RFC2845\]](#) section 3.4.3, TSIG specifies that the request **message authentication code (MAC)** is to be included in the digest when generating or validating a DNS message. However, because the final TKEY response in the GSS-TSIG is the first DNS message in the exchange that has been signed, there is no request MAC that can be included when performing the digest operation.

When there is no request MAC, the most obvious interpretation of [\[RFC2845\]](#) section 3.4.3 is that the 2-byte MAC length with a value of zero be included in the digest to indicate that no MAC data bytes are being included in the digest. This protocol extension specifies that when building the digest for this message, the request MAC MUST be completely omitted. In other words, the request MAC length and request MAC data fields MUST NOT be included in the digest, so the only components of the digest will be the DNS response message and TSIG response variables.

After GSS-TSIG negotiation is complete, the digesting of further DNS messages MUST include the request MAC, as specified in [\[RFC2845\]](#) section 3.4.

3.1.5.2 Support for the HDAC-MD5 Algorithm

[\[RFC2845\]](#) section 2.2 specifies that TSIG MUST support the "HMAC-MD5" algorithm. GSS-API does not explicitly define the MAC formats supported. Instead it relies on the **security support provider (SSP)** that is exposed by the operating system. Implementations of this protocol extension MUST

NOT support the "HMAC-MD5.SIG-ALG.REG.INT" algorithm in [\[RFC2845\]](#) section 7. Implementations of this protocol extension MUST support the "gss-tsig" algorithm, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#) section 3.1.2.

3.1.5.3 Signing DNS Update Response Messages

As described in [\[RFC2136\]](#) section 3.8, the DNS server MUST send a DNS update response back to the DNS client after processing a DNS update request. If the DNS update request is signed and includes a TSIG record, as specified in [\[RFC3645\]](#) and [\[RFC2845\]](#) section 4, then the DNS server SHOULD<1> sign the DNS update response and include the resulting TSIG record as described in [\[RFC3645\]](#).

3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

4 Protocol Examples

Examples that clarify the difference between a strict interpretation of the relevant RFCs and the Microsoft implementation are included in the figures in this section.

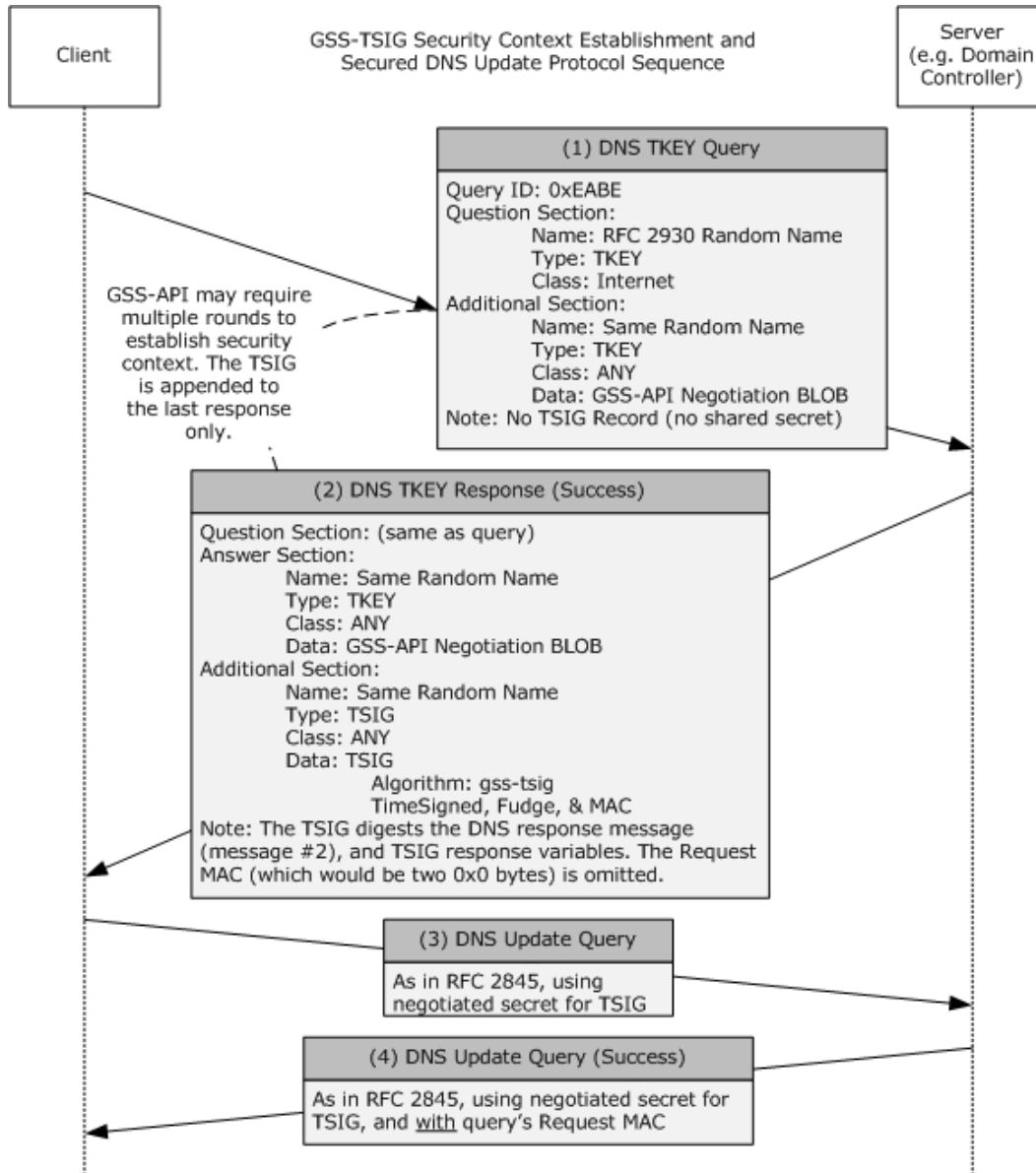


Figure 1: Example of a protocol sequence

```

- Request-MAC (Not included in Microsoft implementation, despite RFC 2845 §4.4.2)
  MACSize: 0 (0x0)
- DNS Response Message:
  QueryIdentifier: 60094 (0xEABE)
  - Flags:
    QR: (1.....) Response
    Opcode: (.0000.....) QUERY (Standard query) 0
    AA: (.....0.....) Not authoritative
    TC: (.....0.....) Not truncated
    RD: (.....0.....) Recursion not desired
    RA: (.....0.....) Recursive query support not available
    Zero: (.....0.....) 0
    AuthenticatedData: (.....0.....) Not AuthenticatedData
    CheckingDisabled: (.....0.....) Not CheckingDisabled
    Rcode: (.....0000) Success 0
  QuestionCount: 1 (0x1)
  AnswerCount: 1 (0x1)
  NameServerCount: 0 (0x0)
  AdditionalCount: 0 (0x0) (This is the response before adding the TSIG RR)
  - QRecord:
    QuestionName: 1184-ms-7.93-ba98458.06282df7-e7e7-11dd-25bc-000ffed6cffd
    QuestionType: TKEY, 249(0xf9)
    QuestionClass: Internet, 1(0x1)
  - ARecord:
    ResourceName: 1184-ms-7.93-ba98458.06282df7-e7e7-11dd-25bc-000ffed6cffd
    ResourceType: TKEY, 249(0xf9)
    ResourceClass: Any, 255(0xff)
    TimeToLive: 0 (0x0)
    ResourceDataLength: 211 (0xD3)
  - TKEYRData:
    Algorithm: gss-tsig
    Inception: 01/24/2009, 12:32:09 AM .0000 UTC
    Expiration: 01/25/2009, 12:32:09 AM .0000 UTC
    Mode: GSS-API negotiation 3
    Error: No Error 0
    KeySize: 185 (0xB9)
  + KeyData: Binary Large Object (185 Bytes)
    OtherSize: 0 (0x0)
  - TSIG Variables: (As specified in RFC 2845 §3.4.2)
    ResourceName: 1184-ms-7.93-ba98458.06282df7-e7e7-11dd-25bc-000ffed6cffd
    ResourceClass: Any, 255(0xff)
    TimeToLive: 0 (0x0)
    AlgorithmName: gss-tsig
    TimeSigned: 1232757129 (0x497A6189)
    Fudge: 36000 (0x8CA0)
    Error: 0 (0x0)
    OtherLen: 0 (0x0)
    OtherData:

```

Figure 2: Example of Message #2 input to the GSS_GetMIC TSIG generation function

```

- dns:
  QueryIdentifier: 60094 (0xEABE)
- Flags:
  QR: (1.....) Response
  Opcode: (.0000.....) QUERY (Standard query) 0
  AA: (....0.....) Not authoritative
  TC: (.....0.....) Not truncated
  RD: (.....0.....) Recursion not desired
  RA: (.....0.....) Recursive query support not available
  Zero: (.....0.....) 0
  AuthenticatedData: (.....0.....) Not AuthenticatedData
  CheckingDisabled: (.....0.....) Not CheckingDisabled
  Rcode: (.....0000) Success 0
  QuestionCount: 1 (0x1)
  AnswerCount: 1 (0x1)
  NameServerCount: 0 (0x0)
  AdditionalCount: 1 (0x1)
- QRecord:
  QuestionName: 1184-ms-7.93-ba98458.06282df7-e7e7-11dd-25bc-000ffed6cffd
  QuestionType: TKEY, 249(0xf9)
  QuestionClass: Internet, 1(0x1)
- ARecord:
  ResourceName: 1184-ms-7.93-ba98458.06282df7-e7e7-11dd-25bc-000ffed6cffd
  ResourceType: TKEY, 249(0xf9)
  ResourceClass: Any, 255(0xff)
  TimeToLive: 0 (0x0)
  ResourceDataLength: 211 (0xD3)
- TKEYRData:
  Algorithm: gss-tsig
  Inception: 01/24/2009, 12:32:09 AM .0000 UTC
  Expiration: 01/25/2009, 12:32:09 AM .0000 UTC
  Mode: GSS-API negotiation 3
  Error: No Error 0
  KeySize: 185 (0xB9)
+ KeyData: Binary Large Object (185 Bytes)
  OtherSize: 0 (0x0)
- AdditionalRecord:
  ResourceName: 1184-ms-7.93-ba98458.06282df7-e7e7-11dd-25bc-000ffed6cffd
  ResourceType: TSIG, Transaction Signature, 250(0xfa)
  ResourceClass: Any, 255(0xff)
  TimeToLive: 0 (0x0)
  ResourceDataLength: 54 (0x36)
- TSIGRData:
  AlgorithmName: gss-tsig
  TimeSigned: 1232757129 (0x497A6189)
  Fudge: 36000 (0x8CA0)
  MACSize: 28 (0x1C)
  MAC: (Binary Data)
  OriginalID: 60094 (0xEABE)
  Error: 0 (0x0)
  OtherLen: 0 (0x0)
  OtherData:

```

Figure 3: Example of Message #2, as it appears on the wire

5 Security

5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

None.

5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Windows 2000 operating system
- Windows XP operating system
- Windows Server 2003 operating system
- Windows Vista operating system
- Windows Server 2008 operating system
- Windows 7 operating system
- Windows Server 2008 R2 operating system
- Windows 8 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 operating system
- Windows 8.1 operating system
- Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 3.1.5.3](#): In the Windows implementation of the DNS server, the DNS client will find that the DNS server signed a DNS update response, as described in [\[RFC3645\]](#), only if the RCODE value in the response message is zero (indicating success).

If the RCODE value in the DNS update response message is not zero (indicating failure), the DNS client will find that the DNS server did not sign the response. Instead, the DNS server copied the DNS update request message, changed the RCODE value to the applicable nonzero error value, and sent that message back to the DNS client as the response. The message was otherwise unmodified; that is, the response message contains the same signature that was in the request message.

7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-GSSA] protocol document between the January 2013 and August 2013 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the language and formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical or language changes were introduced. The technical content of the document is identical to the last released version, but minor editorial and formatting changes, as well as updates to the header and footer information, and to the revision summary, may have been made.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.

- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.
- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact protocol@microsoft.com.

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
6 Appendix A: Product Behavior	Modified this section to include references to Windows 8.1 operating system and Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system.	Y	Content updated.

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